

Polynomials**Products of Polynomials**

X problems are XC

$$(x-3)(x^2-2x+4) = x(x^2-2x+4) - 3(x^2-2x+4) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 3x^2 + 6x - 12 \\ = x^3 - 5x^2 + 10x - 12$$

Use the distributive property to multiply the polynomials.

~~1.~~ $(3x+y)(3x-2y) =$

2. $(x+4)(x+4) =$

~~3.~~ $(3x+y)(2x^2+3x+4y) =$

4. $5b(4b^3-4b^2-6) =$

5. $(x-7)(x+3) =$

~~6.~~ $(x+y)(3x+y) =$

7. $(3x-3)(x-9) =$

8. $(2b-8)(3b-7) =$

~~9.~~ $(3x^2-x)(2x-x^2) =$

10. $(x+3)(3+x) =$

11. $(4a+1)(4a+1) =$

~~12.~~ $(-2x^3+4)(2x^2+5) =$

13. $(4x+3)(x+6) =$

~~14.~~ $(4x^2-4y^2)(4x^2+4y^2) =$

~~15.~~ $(x-y)(2x^2+2y^2) =$

16. $(5b-2)(3b^3+5b^2+2) =$

17. $-3x^2(4x^2-3x+3) =$

18. $(3x^4-5x^2-4)(-3x^3) =$

19. $x^2(3x^3+3x^2+3x) =$

20. $(3x+3)(2x-4) =$